

O. P. JINDAL SCHOOL, SAVITRI NAGAR
ANNUAL QUESTION PAPER
(2022 – 2023)

Class: IX
Subject: Social Science

MM: 80
Time: 3 Hrs.

(Fifteen Minutes Extra will be given for reading the Question Paper.)

General Instructions:

- i. Question paper comprises five Sections – A, B, C, D and E. There are 37 questions in the questionpaper. All questions are compulsory.
- ii. Section A – From question 1 to 20 are MCQs of 1 mark each.
- iii. Section B – Question no. 21 to 24 are Very Short Answer Type Questions, carrying 2 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 40 words.
- iv. Section C contains Q.25 to Q.29 are Short Answer Type Questions, carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 60 words
- v. Section D – Question no. 30 to 33 are long answer type questions, carrying 5 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 120 words.
- vi. Section-E - Questions no from 34 to 36 are case based questions with three sub questions and are of 4 marks each.
- vii. Section F – Question no. 37 is map based, carrying 5 marks with two parts, 37a from History (2 marks) and 37b from Geography (3 marks).
- viii. There is no overall choice in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided in few questions. Only one of the choices in such questions have to be attempted.

Section – A: MCQs

1. The wind blows southwards and gets deflected due to which force? (1)
 (a) Gravitational force (b) Frictional force (c) Coriolis force (d) Magnetic force
 2. Which physical feature of India is made up of alluvial deposits? (1)
 (a) The Deccan Plateau (b) The Islands (c) The Northern Plains (d) Desert
 3. Arrange the following in sequence of the years in which they were launched starting with the earliest. (1)
 (i) TPDS (ii) AAY (iii) ICDS (iv) FFW
- Codes
- (a) (i), (iii), (iv) and (ii) (b) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv)
- (c) (iv), (i), (ii), (iii) (d) (iii), (iv), (i), (ii) (1)

4. Assertion (A) A large section of people suffer from food and nutrition insecurity in India.
Reason (R) The social composition along with the inability to buy food also plays a role in Food security.

Codes

- (a) Both (A) & (R) both are true and (R) is correct explanation of (A).
 (b) Both (A) & (R) both are true and (R) is not correct explanation of (A).
 (c) (A) is true but (R) is false.
 (d) (A) is false but (R) is true.

(1)

5. Find the incorrect option.

- (a) Poverty line is an imaginary line used by any country to determine its poverty.
 (b) National Sample Survey Organization was established in 1978.
 (c) Poverty among social groups and economic categories varies widely in India.
 (d) In 2011-12 estimates, all India Head count ratio was 21.9%.

(1)

6. Poverty in Kerala declined significantly because of _____.

- (a) Large industries
 (b) Availability of natural resources

(1)

7. Assertion (A) Unemployment leads to wastage of manpower resources.

Reason (R) Increase in unemployment is an indicator of depressed economy.

Codes

- (a) Both (A) & (R) both are true and (R) is correct explanation of (A).
 (b) Both (A) & (R) both are true and (R) is not correct explanation of (A).
 (c) (A) is true but (R) is false.
 (d) (A) is false but (R) is true.

(1)

8. Green Revolution took place in India in _____.

- (a) late 1960s
 (b) mid 1960s
 (c) late 1970s
 (d) early 1960s

(1)

9. Match the Following.

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| List I | List II |
| A. HYV seeds, tractors, fertilizers | 1. Nonfarm activities |
| B. Dairy, rice mill, shop | 2. Big Farmers |
| C. Borrowing of Money | 3. Modern farming method |
| D. Sale of surplus crops | 4. Small Farmers |

Codes

| | A | B | C | D | | A | B | C | D | |
|-----|---|---|---|---|-----|---|---|---|---|-----|
| (a) | 1 | 4 | 2 | 3 | (b) | 2 | 3 | 1 | 4 | |
| (c) | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | (d) | 3 | 1 | 4 | 2 | (1) |

10. Slavery was finally abolished in French Colonies in _____ (1)

11. Assertion(A) The First world war on the 'Eastern Front' differed from that on the 'western front'. Reason(R) The soldier of Russia did not wish to fight this war. (1)

- (a) Both A and R are true
- (b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
- (c) A is true but R is false
- (d) A is False but R is true

12. Under the shadow of the Second World War Germany had waged (1)

- (a) A genocidal war
- (b) A guerilla war
- (c) A civil war
- (d) None of these

13. Arrange in Sequence. (1)

i) Rebellion in the Kingdom of Bastar

ii) Kalang Uprising

iii) The spread of Indian railways

iv) Indian forest service was set up

- (a) (i) (iii) (iv) (ii)
- (b) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i)
- (c) (ii) (i) (iii) (iv)
- (d) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv)

14. Napoleon was finally defeated at the battle of Waterloo in 1815 (T/F) (1)

15. Which of the following countries became Victim of a major terror attack on 11th September 2001? (1)

- (a) India
- (b) USA
- (c) Russia
- (d) France

16. _____ became the Prime Minister after the Lok Sabha election of 1989. (1)

- (a) V.P. Singh
- (b) Devi Lal
- (c) P.V. Narsimha Rao
- (d) Rajiv Gandhi

17. The list of those people who are eligible to Vote is officially called. (1)

- (a) Voter's List
- (b) Electoral Roll
- (c) Elector's List
- (d) Constituency List

18. Find the incorrect option from the following:

- (1) (a) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar was the chairman of drafting committee.
(b) Shyama Prasad was the founder president of the Bharatiya Jansangh.
(c) Mahatma Gandhi was a member of constituent Assembly.
(d) H.C. Mukherjee was the vice Chairman of the Constituent Assembly.
- (1) 19. The _____ of China always forms the government of China.
- (1) 20. Which one of the following is the longest river of the Peninsular India?
(a) Narmada (b) Godavari (c) Krishna (d) Mahanadi

Section B: Very Short Answer Questions

- (2) 21. What are the roles of cooperative societies in Food security?
- (2) 22. Describe the events during the First World War in Russia.
- (2) 23. How does the candidate attract the public during election?
- (2) 24. Name the two headstreams of the Ganga. Where do they meet to form the Ganga?
- Or
- Why 82°30'E has been selected as the Standard Meridian of India?

Section C: Short Answer Based Questions

- (3) 25. How is economic growth and poverty reduction linked with each other? Explain.
- (3) 26. Explain the initiative taken by the government to improve elementary education in India.
- (3) 27. How were prisoners tortured by US in Guantanamo Bay?
- Or
- Describe the ethnic massacre in Kosovo.
28. "The Treaty of Versailles" was humiliating on the Germans. Give three examples in support of your statement.
- (3) Or
- When was the Enabling Act passed to Germany? How did this act establish dictatorship of Hitler in Germany?
- (3) 29. Give an account of weather conditions and characteristics of the cold season
- Or
- Discuss the significant difference between the Himalayan and the Peninsular Rivers.

Section D: Long Answer Based Questions

30. (a) How do Fair Price Shops help food distribution in India?
(b) Distinguish between Seasonal and Chronic hunger. (3+2)

31. Why was the Mandal Commission set up? What did it recommend to the government? (2+3)

Or

Describe the powers and functions of the Prime Minister of India.

32. How did the Forest Act affect the lives of foresters and villagers? (5)

Or

Describe the Saminist Movement in Indonesia.

33. Which are the major physiographic divisions of India? Contrast the relief of the Himalayan region with that of the Peninsular Plateau. (5)

Or

Name different types of Vegetation found in India and describe the vegetation of high altitudes

Section E: Short Answer Case Based Questions

34. Read the extract and answer the question that follows

The white rulers treated all non-whites as inferiors slowly; the apartheid system started oppressing blacks. In this system, the non-whites did not have voting rights and they were forbidden from living in white areas.

The non-whites could work in white areas only if they have a permit. Trains, buses, taxis, hospitals, schools, colleges, etc. were all separate for the whites and blacks. This was known as segregation. Blacks could not enter a church where the whites worshipped and even they did not have the right to form associations or protest against the whites. But, after the emergence of democratic South Africa, black leaders appealed to fellow blacks to forgive the whites for the atrocities they had committed while in power. They wanted to build up a new South Africa based on equality of all races.

- (i) Which type of tactics did the white Racist government of South Africa used to continue their rule?
- (ii) "The apartheid system was particularly oppressive for blacks" Justify by giving two reasons.
- (iii) What would have happened in South Africa if the black majority had decided to take revenge on the whites for all their oppression and exploitation?
35. The absolute numbers added each year or decade is the magnitude of increase. It is obtained by simply subtracting the earlier population (e.g. that of 1991) from the later population (e.g. that of 2001). It is referred to as the absolute increase. The rate or the pace of population increase is the other important aspect. It is studied in per cent per annum, e.g. a rate of increase of 2 per cent per annum means that in a given year, there was an increase of two persons for every 100 persons in the base population. This is referred to as the annual growth rate.
- The natural increase of population is the difference between birth rates and death rates. Birth rate is the number of live births per thousand persons in a year. It is a major component of growth because in India, birth rates have always been higher than death rates. Death rate is the number of deaths per thousand

XXXXXX

- a) Ports of France related to the slave trade.
- b) A place from where volunteers sang national anthem of France.

37b. Three items A & B are shown in the given outline map of France. Identify these items with the help of the following information and write their correct names on the lines marked on the map. (1x2=2)

- (a) The Karakoram Or Vindhya range
- (b) The direction of the south-west monsoon over India Or area receiving rainfall over 400 cm.
- (c) The place situated on the three seas Or the strait separating Sri Lanka from India.
- (d) Gir forest Or Kaziranga national park

37a. On political map of India locate any three of the following:- (1x3=3)

Section F: Map work:-

- Q36c. How did Lenin make the Petrograd soviet and the Bolshevik party to agree in October 1917. (1)
- (2) Petrograd city.
- Q36b. Infer the importance of the control of the Military Revolutionary Committee over the Soviet. Suggest the reasons. (1)
- Q36a. The military Revolutionary committee was appointed by the soviet. Uprising took place in other cities. Of the All Russian Congress of Soviets in Petrograd, the majority approved the Bolshevik action. Uprising took place in other cities. Late in the day, the ship Aurora and took over various military points. By nightfall, the city was under the committee's control and the ministers had surrendered. At the meeting of the All Russian Congress of Soviets in Petrograd, the majority approved the Bolshevik action. The Military Revolutionary Committee ordered its supporters to seize government offices and arrest ministers. Late in the day, the ship Aurora and took over various military points. By nightfall, the city was under the committee's control and the ministers had surrendered. At the meeting of the All Russian Congress of Soviets in Petrograd, the majority approved the Bolshevik action. were sent to take over telephone and telegraph offices and protect the Winter Palace. In a swift response, men loyal to the government seized the building of two Bolshevik news-papers. Pro-government troops October. Sensing trouble, Prime Minister Kerenski had left the city to summon troops. At dawn, military Trotsky to organise the seizure. The date of the event was kept a secret. The uprising began on 24th socialist seizure of power. A military Revolutionary Committee was appointed by the soviet under Leon Trotsky to organise the seizure. The date of the event was kept a secret. The uprising began on 24th October. Sensing trouble, Prime Minister Kerenski had left the city to summon troops. At dawn, military men loyal to the government seized the building of two Bolshevik news-papers. Pro-government troops were sent to take over telephone and telegraph offices and protect the Winter Palace. In a swift response, the Military Revolutionary Committee ordered its supporters to seize government offices and arrest ministers. Late in the day, the ship Aurora and took over various military points. By nightfall, the city was under the committee's control and the ministers had surrendered. At the meeting of the All Russian Congress of Soviets in Petrograd, the majority approved the Bolshevik action. Uprising took place in other cities.

- 35c. What is the major component of growth? (1)
- 35b. What is annual growth rate? (1)
- 35a. What are the process of population change? (2)
- What are the reasons for this trend?
- have also started declining gradually, resulting in a gradual decline in the rate of population growth. persons in a year. The main cause of the rate of growth of the Indian population has been the rapid decline in death rates. Till 1980, high birth rates and declining death rates led to a large difference between birth rates and death rates resulting in higher rates of population growth. Since 1981, birth rates